

Towson University in Northeastern Maryland **Annual Campus Security and Fire Safety Report** 2019



Office of Public Safety



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Non-Discrimination Statement

Towson University’s policies, programs, and activities comply with federal and state laws and University System of Maryland policies prohibiting discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, age, national origin, sex, disability, sexual orientation, and gender identity or expression and veteran status.

1.00 INTRODUCTION

The Federal Student Right-to-Know, Crime Awareness and Campus Security Act now cited as the “Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act,” (Clery Act) as amended by the Higher Education Opportunity Act of 2008, requires institutions of higher learning to prepare, publish, and distribute a report concerning certain campus crime and fire statistics, as well as policies concerning security, personal safety, fire safety, emergency response and missing on-campus residential students, on an annual basis through appropriate publications, mailings or computer networks to all current students and employees, and all prospective students and prospective employees upon request. This publication contains the annual report concerning specific campus crime and arrest statistics as well as information about campus policies and practices intended to promote awareness, campus safety and security.

Copies of this report may be obtained by visiting the Administrative office at Towson University in Northeastern Maryland, 510 Thomas Run Rd., Bel Air, MD 21015 or from the Towson University Office of Public Safety, 8000 York Rd. Towson Md. 21252 or by visiting the Towson University Office of Public Safety Web page located at:

<http://www.towson.edu/publicsafety/>

2.0 HARFORD COMMUNITY COLLEGE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY



In September 2014, Towson University opened its doors in Harford County, Maryland on the Harford Community College campus. Towson University has entered into a contractual agreement with Harford Community College (HCC), whereby HCC’s Department of Public Safety will provide physical security, investigative services, public safety education, first aid, and other assistance to students, employees, and visitors to **Towson University in Northeastern Maryland (TUNE)**.

The HCC Department of Public Safety is committed to maintaining a safe environment for all students, employees, and visitors on HCC property.

The HCC Department of Public Safety has the primary responsibility for serving the safety and security needs of the campus community. In meeting this responsibility, all campus buildings and facilities are patrolled and inspected regularly to ensure a safe and comfortable academic environment where learning is the central focus. Located on the first floor of the Library, the Public Safety staff is on duty 24 hours a day, 365 days a year.

No community can be completely risk-free in today's society. Safety and security are everyone's responsibility. Therefore, the collective efforts of students and staff in collaboration with the Department of Public Safety are necessary. Students, staff, and visitors are partners in maintaining an environment that is safe and conducive to the learning process. Everyone is asked to be alert, security conscious, and involved.

2.1 Enforcement Authority

HCC employs Special Police Officers who are commissioned with powers of arrest and the enforcement of criminal and motor vehicle laws on campus. Most incidents on campus are investigated by HCC Special Police Officers. A close working relationship is also maintained with the Harford County Sheriff's Office. The Harford County Sheriff's Office may be called upon for assistance when warranted or upon request of the victim.



Towson University encourages any member of the TUNE community who is the victim of a crime on campus, or who witnesses a crime on campus, to promptly call the HCC Department of Public Safety at **443-412-2272** or the Harford County Sheriffs Office at **911**. Towson University's policies encourage accurate and prompt reporting of all crimes to HCC Public Safety or local law enforcement when the victim of a crime elects to report the incident or is unable (physically or mentally) to make such a report.

2.2 Mission Statement

Harford Community College's Department of Public Safety is committed to maintaining a safe environment for all students, employees, and visitors on College property. The Department of Public Safety provides physical security, investigative services, public safety education, first aid, and other assistance in a professional and courteous manner.

2.3 Allied Police Support

A memorandum of understanding for the coordination of law enforcement responsibilities between the Harford Community College and the Harford County Sheriff's Office has been established. This document clarifies and affixes law enforcement responses to emergencies, investigation of certain crimes, and jurisdictional boundaries.



3.0 REPORTING CRIMINAL ACTIVITY

All suspected criminal offenses should be reported to the Public Safety Office either by telephone (call **2272** from any campus phone, or **443-412-2272** from any outside phone), or in person.

The Public Safety Office is located in the lower level of the Library, and Public Safety staff officers are on duty 24/7. In addition to reporting offenses to the Public Safety office, students, faculty, and visitors may also report offenses to the HCC Student Development office by calling 443-412-2142, 443-412-2345, or 443-412-2233.

All members of the campus community may report crimes directly to the Harford County Sheriff's Office.

3.1 Limited Voluntary/Confidential Reporting

Towson University encourages anyone who is a crime victim or witness to promptly report the incident to the police when the victim of such crime elects or is unable (physically or mentally) to make such a report. Because police reports are public records under state law, law enforcement agencies cannot hold reports of a crime in confidence. Confidential reports for the purposes of inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics can generally be made to other campus security authorities.

Professional and pastoral counselors are exempt from certain reporting requirements when they are acting within the scope of their professions. The university encourages counselors and clergy; if and when they deem it appropriate, to tell the people they counsel about how to report crimes on a voluntary, confidential basis to any Campus Security Authority (CSA).

In keeping with federal guidelines, it is the policy of Towson University that all crimes specified by the Federal Student Right-to-Know, Crime Awareness and Campus Security Act now cited as the “Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act,” (Clery Act) as amended by the Higher Education Opportunity Act of 2008 reported to any campus security authority must be relayed to the HCC Department of Public Safety. Professional and pastoral counselors are exempt from this requirement when they are acting in their official capacities.

3.2 Emergencies

Anyone who is the victim or witness of a crime or emergency on campus should **immediately** call Public Safety at **443-412-2272**. Fire and medical emergencies should be reported by calling **911** from any telephone, including cellular. The HCC Department of Public Safety has staff on duty and available to assist 24 hours a day, every day of the year.

3.3 Procedures

A uniformed special police officer is dispatched to conduct an initial investigation, gather information, and seek physical evidence whenever a crime is reported. The investigating officer attempts to determine the basic facts by questioning all persons involved in the incident as well as any witnesses. Basic and necessary questions, including home address, telephone number, and date of birth, are asked. Please bear in mind that the special police officer, by asking detailed questions, is attempting to solve the crime and apprehend anyone responsible for the crime. The crime scene (area where the incident occurred) must not be disturbed in order to preserve physical evidence such as fingerprints. Each member of the university community is asked to be observant and to pay attention to descriptions of persons including clothing worn and vehicles, including license plate numbers. Any suspicious person observed in or around your classroom, office, or work area should be reported to Public Safety **immediately at 443-412-2272**.

3.4 Campus Security Authorities

The Clery Act mandates that institutions disclose statistics for crimes reported to local police agencies and crimes reported to Campus Security Authorities (CSAs). The intent of including non-law enforcement personnel as CSAs is to acknowledge that many individuals, and students in particular, are hesitant about reporting crimes to the police, but may be more inclined to report incidents to other campus-affiliated individuals.

A Campus Security Authority is:

- A campus law enforcement unit;
- Any individual or individuals who have responsibility for campus security but who do not constitute a campus security department, such as an individual who is responsible for monitoring entrance into school property, such as an access monitor;
- An individual or organization specified in a school’s campus security statement as the individual or organization to which students and employees should report criminal offenses; and
- An official of a school who has significant responsibility for student and campus activities including, but not limited to, student discipline and campus judicial proceedings.

Although we encourage the reporting of campus criminal activity directly to HCC Public Safety, in some instances members of the campus community may choose to file a report with one of the other campus security authorities. CSAs should immediately report any reportable incident to Towson University Police by downloading and completing a “[Clery Incident Report](#)” form. CSA reports must provide sufficient details to allow proper classification and reporting of the offense to the Department of Education. Send completed reports to the TUPD at the main campus by email, fax, or U.S. mail. The university police also send annual letters to CSAs to solicit any reportable crimes. The university’s list of CSAs is updated annually.

CSAs – Towson University in Northeastern Maryland

- Executive Director, TUNE
- Director, Student Services, TUNE
- Operations Manager, TUNE
- Office of Inclusion and University Equity (Towson)
 - Vice President
 - Title IX Coordinator
 - Title IX Investigators
- Office of Student Conduct & Civility Education (Towson)
 - Director
 - Associate & Assistant Directors

3.5 Staff and Faculty Disciplinary Referrals

Regardless of criminal prosecution decisions, all criminal cases involving students are referred by the TUPD to the university’s Office of Student Conduct and Civility Education. When there is evidence that a student has committed a crime on campus, disciplinary actions at the university may proceed whether or not criminal charges involving the same incident have been adjudicated or dropped. See also the [Towson University Code of Student Conduct](#).

3.6 Annual Clery Notice Distribution – Towson University

The Towson University “Clery Notice” is distributed by email every October to all current students and employees. The “Clery Notice” is also available through various web sites and printed in several campus publications to ensure wide dissemination and satisfy federal law mandates.

This table summarizes various “Clery Notice” compliance mechanisms.

Distribution Method	Current Students	Prospective Students	Current Employees	Prospective Employees
TU Web Site – Home Page	X	X	X	X
TU Admissions Web Site	X	X		
TU Brochure – Transferring to TU	X	X		
TU Student Catalogue	X			
TU Office of Public Safety Web Site	X	X	X	X
TUPD Web Site	X	X	X	X
TUPD – Hard Copy	X	X	X	X
TU Environmental Health & Safety Web Site	X	X	X	X
TU Office of Human Resources Web Site	X	X	X	X
TU OHR Employment Application			X	X
TU OHR New Employee Packet				X
TU Daily Digest – Annual Announcement	X		X	
TU Annual (Oct.) All-Campus Email	X		X	
TU Events & Conference Guest Guide	X		X	

3.7 Daily Crime Log - A daily log of all criminal offenses reported on the campus is maintained by the HCC Public Safety and is available for public inspection between the hours of 8 AM and 4 PM,

Monday through Friday, excluding holidays when the college is closed. The Daily Crime Log is posted at the window of Public Safety for students to view. Copies are available upon request. The Public Safety office is located on the first floor of the Library.

Public Safety may withhold information from the daily crime log if releasing the information would jeopardize an ongoing criminal investigation, the safety of an individual, cause a suspect to evade detection or flee, and/or result in the destruction of evidence.

The Department of Public Safety's crime log covers at least the most recent 60-day period, and it is open for public inspection during normal business hours. Printed crime log information dating back more than 60 days will be made available for inspection within two business days of a request.

4.0 CRIME PREVENTION

One of the essential ingredients of any successful crime prevention program is an informed public. It is the intent of Towson University and Harford Community College to inform students and staff in a timely manner of any criminal activity or security problem that may pose a reasonable threat to their physical safety.

HCC College Life sponsors crime awareness/prevention programs including forums on self-defense and lectures on prevention of date rape. Notices of scheduled events are posted on OwlNet, placed in the student newspaper, and published in other schedules of events.

The HCC College Life and HCC Wellness Office sponsor crime awareness/prevention programs from which information can be obtained. Notices of scheduled events are posted on bulletin boards throughout the campus, published in the Harford Owl, and advertised in other schedules of events. Programs include forums on self-defense and lectures on prevention of rape, acquaintance or date rape, and other forcible and non-forcible sex offenses. Campus facilities to be used for these programs are available and accessible to students and staff during the College's normal operating hours.

In the event of a campus emergency, HCC may activate the emergency notification system, HCC *AlertMe*. Students must keep their contact information updated through OwlNet.

4.1 Escort Services

The HCC Department of Public Safety operates an escort service at all times for use by any person concerned about his or her safety while on campus. To request to be escorted on campus, contact the Department of Public Safety, and remain in a well-lit or populated area while waiting for the Public Safety Officer. Escort services may be arranged by calling the Department of Public Safety 443-412-2272.



4.2 Theft Prevention

Theft is the most common crime problem on college campuses. Students should take reasonable and prudent precautions to safeguard their persons and property, be watchful and cautious for suspicious persons and circumstances, and be aware of their surroundings and the presence of people they do not know. Never leave valuables unattended. HCC Public Safety offers free engraving to any member of the HCC/TUNE community. Members may have valuables such as electronics, bicycles, etc., engraved with a driver's license or other identifying number to facilitate the recovery of property that is lost or stolen.

5.00 Timely Warnings & Emergency Notifications

Harford Community College is committed to providing students and employees with timely and accurate information about credible threats to their health or safety while on campus. The Office of Public Safety is to receive all reports of potential threats from both internal and external sources. Once a potential threat is identified, public safety officials will assess the scope and credibility of the threat. Depending on the nature of the report, Public Safety's assessment may include an on-scene inspection by Public Safety or Campus Operations or consultations with external sources such as law enforcement, health officials, Harford County's Department of Emergency Services, and public utilities. Once the threat has been determined to be credible, the Department of Public Safety will determine the scope of the threat. Depending on the immediacy of the danger and taking into account the safety of the campus community, Public Safety will, alone or with input from Marketing and President's Staff, craft an emergency message. Public Safety will, without delay, send the emergency notification to members of the campus community impacted by the threat. In a rare situation, Public Safety may consider delaying a notification if it is believed that the notification may compromise efforts to respond to, contain, or otherwise mitigate the emergency. Depending on the nature and scope of the threat, the emergency notification will be sent using one or more of the following methods of communication: text, email, telephone, Facebook, twitter, internal and external speakers, electronic signage, and website postings. Notifications will be updated as pertinent information becomes available. Public Safety will follow the same procedures regardless of whether the threat calls for the notification to be communicated to the entire campus community or solely to individuals within targeted areas of the campus.

Timely warnings are distinguished from emergency notifications in that, as defined by the Clery handbook, timely warnings are triggered by crimes that have already occurred but represent an ongoing threat. HCC will issue a timely warning for crimes committed on campus that are reported to the Department of Public Safety or come to the attention of HCC through local law enforcement and are considered by HCC to represent a serious and/or continuing threat to students and employees. Timely Warnings will be distributed in a manner that is timely, that withholds the names of victims as confidential, and that will aid in the prevention of similar occurrences.

Emergency notifications (*AlertMe*) will be issued when it is determined that there is a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or employees occurring on campus. *AlertMe* will be activated without delay upon verification of an incident that meets the above criteria so long as issuance does not compromise efforts to respond to, contain, or otherwise mitigate the emergency.

Registering for emergency notification through *AlertMe* is required by entering personal information through OwlNet. *AlertMe* will send phone, e-mail, and text alerts to information provided by students and employees.

In order to receive emergency messages through HCC's *AlertMe* notification system, TUNE students must keep their contact information updated through OwlNet.

The decision to alert will be based upon information known at the time of the incident. The authority to alert is limited to Harford Community College staff that is trained to operate the emergency notification system including, but not limited to:

- VP and AVP for Student Development;
- AVP for Operations;
- VP Finance, Operations, Government Relations, and;
- VP for Marketing, Development and Community Relations (as appropriate)

- HCC Public Safety Staff

A follow-up message is required after activation of the initial alert when the situation or threat is cleared or as updates are appropriate on the situation.

The methods for dissemination of the emergency alert include:

- Emergency Notification Line – Call 443-412-2322 for a recorded message.
- The Harford Community College website: www.harford.edu
- Harford Community College Email
- Building Notices: Signs at building entrances and doors throughout the buildings.
- WHFC 91.1 FM: Tune in for updates.
- Route 22 Electronic Sign
- Computer Message – For all users logged into the campus network
- Campus Voice Mail Broadcast (Employees only)
- Public Address Broadcast for Quad Area
- Public Address Message from Campus Vehicle
- Word of Mouth from Harford Community College Employees
- Social Media (Facebook and Twitter)

For more information on *AlertMe*: <http://www.harford.edu/about/safety.aspx>.

6.0 DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, SEXUAL ASSAULT, STALKING AND HARASSMENT PREVENTION

Towson University [06-01.60 Policy on Sexual Harassment and Other Sexual Misconduct](#) was adopted in 2017 and updated on August 14, 2019, as part of the TU and USM commitment to provide a working and learning environment free from sexual harassment, including sexual and gender-based harassment, sexual violence and assault, dating violence, domestic violence, sexual exploitation and sexual intimidation, stalking, and hate violence.

Towson University (the “University”) is committed to providing a working and learning environment free from “Sexual Harassment” (which includes sexual and gender-based harassment, specifically sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, stalking, sexual exploitation, and sexual intimidation.) The University prohibits and will not tolerate any form of Sexual Misconduct. Sexual Misconduct is a form of sex discrimination prohibited by state and federal laws, including Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 as amended (“Title IX”) and Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 as amended, and may constitute criminal activity.

The University endeavors to foster a climate free from all forms of Sexual Harassment and Other Sexual Misconduct as described above through training, education, prevention programs, through policies and procedures that promote prompt reporting, prohibit Retaliation, and promote timely, fair and impartial investigation and resolution of Sexual Harassment cases in a manner that eliminates the harassment, prevents its recurrence, and addresses its effects. All University community members are subject to this policy, regardless of sex, sexual orientation, gender identity and gender expression. This includes all students, faculty, and staff of the University (including regional centers), as well as third parties and contractors under University control. This policy applies to Sexual Harassment in connection with any University education programs or activities, including Sexual Harassment or Other Sexual Misconduct: (1) in any University facility or on any University property; (2) in connection with any University sponsored, recognized or approved program, visit or activity, regardless of location; (3) that impedes equal access to any University education program or activity or adversely impacts the employment of a member of the University community; or (4) that otherwise threatens the health or

safety of a member of the University community. Nothing in this policy is intended to supersede or conflict with any federal compliance obligation.

A violation of this policy may constitute professional misconduct and/or moral turpitude under the Towson University Policy on Appointment, Rank and Tenure of Faculty, and/or gross misconduct and/or moral turpitude under Towson University's Policy on Separation for Regular Exempt Employees.

These university departments contribute greatly toward these efforts.

- Office of Inclusion and Institutional Equity (410-704-0203)
- Office of Student Conduct and Civility Education (410-704-2057)
- Counseling Center (410-704-2512)
- Women's Resource Center (410-704-2051)
- Towson University Police Department (410-704-4444)

It is important that students, faculty, and staff understand these terms as defined in Towson University policies:

Consent: Consent means a knowing, voluntary, and affirmatively communicated willingness to mutually participate in a particular sexual activity or behavior. Consent must be given by a person with the ability and capacity to exercise free will and make a rational and reasonable judgment. Consent may be expressed either by affirmative words or actions, as long as those words or actions create a mutually understandable permission regarding the conditions of sexual activity. Consent may be withdrawn at any time. Consent cannot be obtained by force, threat, coercion, fraud, manipulation, reasonable fear of injury, intimidation, or through the use of one's mental or physical helplessness or incapacity. Consent cannot be implied based upon the mere fact of a previous consensual dating or sexual relationship. Consent to engage in sexual activity with one person does not imply Consent to engage in sexual activity with another. In order to give effective Consent, one must not be mentally or physically incapacitated (e.g., by alcohol or drugs, unconsciousness, mental disability).

The State of Maryland does not have a specific definition of consent in relation to sexual assault; however, the Maryland Annotated Code of Criminal law states:

Maryland Criminal Article 3-301 article notes to render Consent, one must not be mentally incapacitated or physically helpless (e.g., by alcohol or drugs, unconsciousness, mental disability).

The definition of consent as set forth in its sexual misconduct policy is used by the University in investigating and adjudicating allegations of sexual misconduct pursuant to its sexual misconduct policy.

Domestic Violence: Federal law definition (VAWA): Domestic Violence is defined as a felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed—

- By a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim;
- By a person with whom the victim shares a child in common;
- By a person who is cohabitating with, or has cohabitated with, the victim as a spouse or intimate partner;
- By a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred;

- By any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.

The State of Maryland does not have a specific law defining domestic violence; however, it does provide relief for a protective or peace order under the Maryland Family Article.

Domestic Violence: Maryland Family Law Article 4-501 defines “Abuse” means any of the following acts:

- an act that causes serious bodily harm;
- an act that places a person eligible for relief of imminent serious bodily harm;
- assault in any degree;
- rape or sexual offense under §§ 3-303 through 3-308 of the Criminal Law Article or attempted rape or sexual offense on any degree
- false imprisonment; or
- stalking under § 3-802 of the Criminal Law Article.

Those eligible for relief from the abuse if you are:

- the current or former spouse
- a cohabitant, meaning person who has had a sexual relationship with the abuser and resided with the abuser in the home for a period of at least 90 days within 1 year before the filing of the petition;
- a person related to the respondent by blood, marriage, or adoption;
- a parent, stepparent, child, stepchild or the person eligible for relief who resides or resided with the respondent or person eligible for relief for at least 90 days within 1 year before the filing of the petition;
- a vulnerable adult;
- an individual who has a child in common; or
- an individual who has had a sexual relationship within 1 year before the filing of the petition.

Dating Violence: Federal law definition (VAWA): Dating Violence means violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the complainant. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency or interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. Dating Violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse. Dating Violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence. For the purposes of this definition— Dating violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse. Dating violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence.

There is no Maryland law definition of dating violence (it is not distinguished from general crimes of violence, such as assault).

Stalking: Federal Law Definition: Stalking is defined as engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to

- Fear for the person's safety or the safety of others; or
- Suffer substantial emotional distress.

For the purposes of this definition—

- Course of conduct means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts in which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means, follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about a person, or interferes with a person's property.
- Reasonable person means a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim.
- Substantial emotional distress means significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.

Maryland law definition of Stalking: Stalking means a malicious course of conduct that includes approaching or pursuing another where the person intends to place or knows or reasonably should have known the conduct would place another in reasonable fear: (1) (i) of serious bodily injury; (ii) of an assault in any degree; (iii) of rape or sexual offense as defined by Sections 3-303 through 3-308 of the Criminal Law Article of the Maryland Code or attempted rape or sexual offense in any degree; (iv) of false imprisonment; or (v) of death; or (2) that a third person likely will suffer any of the acts listed in item (1) above.

Towson University's Code of Student Conduct and Policy on Sexual Harassment and Other Sexual Misconduct definition of Stalking:

Stalking means engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person (as it pertains to sexual advances and/or dating or domestic violence) that would cause a reasonable person to— (1) fear for his or her safety or the safety of others; or (2) suffer substantial emotional distress. For the purposes of this definition:

1. Course of conduct means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts in which the alleged stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means, follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about a person, or interferes with a person's property.
2. Reasonable person means a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim.
3. Substantial emotional distress means significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily require, medical or other professional treatment or counseling.

- **Sexual Assault (VAWA):** An offense that meets the definition of rape, fondling, incest, or statutory rape as used in the FBI's Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) program. Per the National Incident-Based Reporting System User Manual from the FBI UCR Program, a sex offense is "any sexual act directed against another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent."
 - **Rape** is defined as the penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim.
 - **Fondling** is defined as the touching of the private parts of another person for the purposes of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the

victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.

- **Incest** is defined as sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.
- **Statutory Rape** is defined as sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

Maryland Law Definition of Sexual Assault: The actions constituting sexual assault are set forth in Title 3, Subtitle 3 of the Criminal Law Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland and include, but are not limited to, the following acts committed by an acquaintance or stranger (“Actor”): Rape forcible sodomy, or forcible sexual penetration, however slight, of another person's anal or genital opening; touching of an unwilling person's intimate parts (defined as genitalia, groin, breast, or buttocks, or clothing covering them); or, forcing an unwilling person to touch another's intimate parts. To constitute sexual assault these acts must be committed either by force, threat, intimidation, or through the use of the victim's mental or physical helplessness of which the Actor was aware or should have been aware.

Towson University’s Sexual Harassment or Other Sexual Misconduct Policy Definitions:

- **Sexual Assault** means any of the following:

1. Forcible sex offenses—Any sexual act directed against another person, without the consent of the victim including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent, including:

a. Forcible Rape—(Except Statutory Rape) The carnal knowledge of a person, forcibly and/or against that person’s will or not forcibly or against the person’s will in instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

b. Forcible Sodomy—Oral or anal sexual intercourse with another person, forcibly and/or against that person’s will or not forcibly or against the person’s will in instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

c. Sexual Assault With An Object—To use an object or instrument to unlawfully penetrate, however slightly, the genital or anal opening of the body of another person, forcibly and/or against that person’s will or not forcibly or against the person’s will in instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

d. Forcible Fondling—The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, forcibly and/or against that person’s will or not forcibly or against the person’s will in instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

2. Nonforcible sex offenses—Unlawful, nonforcible sexual intercourse, including:

- a. Incest—Nonforcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.
- b. Statutory Rape—Nonforcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

- **Retaliation:** means intimidating, threatening, coercing, or discriminating against any individual for the purpose of interfering with any right or privilege secured by law or this Policy, or because the individual has made a report or complaint, testified, assisted, or participated or refused to participate in any manner in an investigation or proceeding under this Policy.
- **Sexual Coercion:** means the use of unreasonable pressure in an effort to compel another individual to initiate or continue sexual activity against the individual's will. A person's words or conduct are sufficient to constitute coercion if they wrongfully impair another individual's freedom of will and ability to choose whether or not to engage in sexual activity. Coercion includes but is not limited to intimidation, manipulation, threats of emotional or physical harm, and blackmail. Examples of coercion include threatening to disclose another individual's private sexual information, or threatening to harm oneself if the other party does not engage in the sexual activity.
- **Sexual Exploitation:** means taking non-consensual or abusive sexual advantage of another person for one's own advantage or benefit or for the advantage or benefit of anyone other than the person being exploited. Examples of Sexual Exploitation include but are not limited to prostitution; using any kind of photographic or recording device to capture, post and/or publish images of a person's intimate parts and/or of a sexual act without the Consent or knowledge of the involved party; intentionally or unintentionally publishing, recreating, or reproducing images of a person's intimate parts or of a sexual act without the knowledge or Consent of the party involved; voyeurism; inducing Incapacitation for the purpose of Sexual Exploitation or of having sex with the incapacitated person (regardless of whether Sexual Exploitation and/or sexual activity actually takes place); and/or knowingly transmitting a sexually transmitted infection to a partner without their Consent.
- **Sexual Harassment:** Includes conduct on the basis of sex that satisfies one or more of the following: (1) An employee of the University conditioning the provision of an aid, benefit, or service of the University on an individual's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct (quid-pro-quo); (2) Unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive AND objectionably offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to the University's education program or activity; or (3) any of the following: "Sexual Assault", "Dating Violence", "Domestic Violence" or "Stalking."
 - Examples of Sexual Harassment include: harassment through public or private insult, sexually suggestive comments concerning a person's body or behavior, and/or sexual demands; subtle or overt pressure to comply with sexual demands; undue and unwanted remarks about another person's clothing, body, sexual activities, sexual preferences, or sexual orientation; unwelcome flirting, teasing, jokes, or gestures that are sexual in nature; unwanted kissing, touching, pinching, patting or brushing another's body or clothing; unwanted kissing, touching, pinching, patting or indecent exposure of one's own private body parts; unwanted communications of a sexual nature verbally, in writing, by telephone, computer, or by other means; requests or demands for sexual favors accompanied by implied or overt threats or promised rewards (e.g., grades, references or awards (for students) or assignments, promotions or discipline (for employees)); repetition of unwanted invitations for dates.

6.1 Programs to Promote Awareness of and to Prevent Rape, Acquaintance Rape, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, and Stalking.

The university offers a variety of education and prevention programs throughout the year which are aimed at preventing domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, harassment, and hate violence. A central repository for all campus educational programs relating to sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence and stalking has been established in the Office of Inclusion and Institutional Equity (OIIE). All faculty, staff, or student groups providing or sponsoring such programs are responsible for forwarding program information to the assistant to the president for diversity and equal opportunity in a timely fashion.

The university's programs to prevent dating violence, domestic violence, stalking and sexual assault are comprehensive, intentional, and integrated programming, initiatives, strategies, and campaigns intended to end dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking that:

- Are culturally relevant, inclusive of diverse communities and identities, sustainable, responsive to community needs, and informed by research or assessed for value, effectiveness, or outcome; and
- Consider environmental risk and protective factors as they occur on the individual, relationship, university, community, and societal levels

Programs to prevent dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking include both primary prevention and awareness programs directed at incoming students and new employees and ongoing prevention and awareness campaigns directed at students and employees. Our programs are regularly assessed for their relevance and value in addressing the needs of the university community.

Primary Prevention and Awareness Programs

- **The Sexual Misconduct Continuum:** All incoming freshman, transfer, international, and graduate students receive The Sexual Misconduct Continuum training program. The program, adapted to each group, delivers information on risk reduction, sexual assault, harassment, dating violence, and stalking through a multi-media and interactive presentation. The program defines consent, bystander intervention, and retaliation in detail and informs students of the consequences of inappropriate behavior. Students are also informed of the resources that are available to them should they or a friend ever be victimized.
- **New Employee Orientation:** New employee orientations are conducted regularly by the Office of Human Resources (OHR).
- **Office of Student Conduct and Civility Education (OSCCE):**
- Specific process for sexual misconduct adjudication outlined through the Procedures for the Resolution of Sexual Misconduct Complaints Involving Student Respondents, including victim appeal process.
- Specific process for sexual misconduct adjudication outlined through the Procedures for the Resolution of Sexual Misconduct Complaints Involving Student Respondents, including victim appeal process. **Sexual Assault Response Team:** A detective assigned to the Operations Squad, meets every two months with the Sexual Assault Response Team (SART). SART is a multidisciplinary interagency team of individuals working collaboratively to provide services for the community by offering specialized sexual assault intervention services. Teams are specialized to fit the needs of each community and generally have goals of increasing reporting and conviction for sexual assaults and

countering the experience of sexual trauma with a sensitive and competent response. Typically, teams consist of key responders such as advocates, law enforcement officers, forensic examiners (e.g.; SANE/SAFE/FNE), crime lab personnel, and prosecutors.

- **Training for Faculty and Staff**: Online sexual misconduct training for all faculty and staff.
- **Office of Inclusion & Institutional Equity**: Provides training for students and faculty on diversity, inclusion and equity. The Title IX Coordinator (Dr. Leah Cox) oversees programs and workshops that involves engaging the campus community on topics of sexual misconduct, discrimination, harassment, hate and bias. OIIE has mandatory programs for incoming students, such as E-checkup, that provides education on alcohol, tobacco, drug prevention and sexual violence prevention.
- **Combatting Underage Drinking Coalition**: TU Counseling Center and TUPD partner with the Baltimore County Department of Health and many other organizations as members of the Combating Underage Drinking Coalition. This effort focuses on affecting policies and practices associated with underage drinking.
- **SHAPE Committee**: The TU Sexual Harassment Assault Prevention and Education (SHAPE) Committee is a multi-disciplinary group of campus organizations, including Residence Life, Counseling Services, Campus Activities, Women's Studies and the Police Department. The committee makes policy recommendations and collaborates to develop sexual assault prevention material and awareness education programs.

Awareness Programs

Awareness Programs are community-wide or audience-specific programming intended to increase audience knowledge and share information and resources to prevent violence and promote safety.

- **New Student Orientation**: During Student Orientation sessions, students are provided with an overview of the TUPD and many of the safety related services and programs we provide. The university works collaboratively to ensure that messages delivered at orientation are reinforced with all students, faculty, and staff throughout the year. Some of the ongoing efforts to maintain safety awareness include:
 - **Victim/Witness Pamphlets**: Printed victim/witness resource material distributed by TUPD and OSCCE to all complainants.
 - **Rape Aggression and Defense (RAD) Program**: As previously detailed in this report, this program is offered twice a year.
 - **Take Back the Night**: This event promotes the fight against sexual abuse and assault. Activities included survivors sharing their stories, a candlelight vigil, guest speakers, live acoustic performances, and a march around the Towson University campus. "Take Back the Night" is also held in recognition of April as "Sexual Assault Awareness Month," is sponsored by Counseling Services and supported by TUPD.
 - **Safe Summer Send Off**: Prior to the end of Spring Semester, TUPD participated in Safe Summer Send Off, providing literature and education on personal safety, alcohol awareness, and traffic safety to students as they embarked on their summer break. Similar activities are sponsored before spring break and the winter holiday break.
 - **It's On Us**: In November, 2014 Towson's Student Government Association (SGA) implemented a campus-wide "It's On Towson" campaign as part of the nationwide It's On Us initiative toward preventing sexual assault and promoting bystander intervention. SGA produced a 90 second public service announcement which has been displayed on video screens across campus and during home football games.

6.2 How to be an Active Bystander

Bystanders play a critical role in preventing sexual assault and relationship violence. They are people who observe violence or witness conditions that perpetuate violence. They are not directly involved, but have the choice to intervene, speak up, or do something about it. At TU, we want to promote a culture of community accountability where bystanders are actively engaged in preventing violence without causing further harm. Here are some ways to be an active bystander. Remember, if you or someone else is in immediate danger, dial 911.

- Watch out for your friends and fellow students/employees. If you see someone who looks like they could be in trouble or need help, ask if they are ok.
- Confront people who seclude, hit on, and try to make out with, or have sex with people who are incapacitated.
- Speak up when someone discusses plans to take sexual advantage of another person.
- Believe someone who discloses sexual assault, abusive behavior, or experience with stalking.
- Refer people to on or off campus resources listed in this report for support in health, counseling, or with legal assistance.

6.3 Risk Reduction

Risk Reduction is defined as the application of protective measures to reduce the risk of victimization. With no intent to blame the victim and recognizing that only rapists are responsible for rape, here are some strategies to reduce one's risk of sexual assault or harassment.

- **Be aware of your surroundings.** Knowing where you are and who is around you may help you to find a way out of a bad situation.
- Try to **avoid isolated areas.**
- **Walk with a purpose.** Even if you don't know where you're going, act like you do.
- **Trust your instincts.** If a situation or location feels unsafe or uncomfortable, it probably isn't the best place to be. If you feel unsafe, go with your gut and leave immediately.
- **Some things you can try to get out of an uncomfortable situation:**
- Be true to yourself – don't feel obligated to do anything you don't want to do.
- Have a code word with your friends or family so that you can communicate your discomfort without the person you are with knowing. Friends or family can then come to get you or make up an excuse for you to leave with them.
- Lie. Make up a reason to leave.
- **Make sure your cell phone is with you,** that it is charged, and that you have cash money.
- **Don't allow yourself to be isolated** with someone you don't trust or someone you don't know.
- **Avoid putting music headphones in both ears** so that you can be more aware of your surroundings, especially if you are walking alone.
- When you go to social gatherings, **go with a group of friends.** Arrive together, check in with each other throughout the evening, and leave together. **If a friend seems out of it,** very intoxicated or is acting out of character, get him or her to a safe place immediately.
- **Don't leave your drink unattended** while dancing, talking, using the restroom. If you've left your drink alone, just get a new one.
- **Don't accept drinks from people you don't know or trust.** If you choose to accept a drink, go with the person to the bar to order it. Watch it being poured and carry it yourself. At parties, don't drink from punch bowls or other large, shared open containers.
- **If you suspect that you or a friend has been drugged,** call 911 immediately.

Please call the HCC Department of Public Safety at 443-412-2041 for more information about campus safety or crime prevention services. Members of the TUNE community can take positive measures to prevent crime by being aware that crime does occur on and near campus.

Procedures the University Will Follow When a Crime of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault and Stalking is Reported

The University has procedures in place that serve to be sensitive to victims who report sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking, including informing individuals about their right to file criminal charges as well as the availability of counseling, health, mental health, victim advocacy, legal assistance, visa and immigration assistance, student financial aid and other services on and/or off campus as well as additional remedies to prevent contact between a complainant and an accused party, such as changes to housing, academic, protective orders, transportation and working situations, if reasonably available. The University will make such accommodations or protective measures, if the victim requests them and if they are reasonable available, regardless of whether the victim chooses to report the crime to the HCC Department of Public Safety or local law enforcement. For accommodations students and employees should contact the Title IX Office at 410-704-0203 or email titleix@towson.edu.

If a report of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking is reported to the University, below are the procedures that the University will follow:

Incident Being Reported	Procedure Institution Will Follow
Sexual Assault	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Depending on when reported (immediate vs delayed report), institution will provide complainant with access to medical care 2. Institution will assess immediate safety needs of complainant 3. Institution will assist reporting party with contacting local police if complainant requests AND provide the complainant with contact information for local police department 4. Institution will provide complainant with referrals to on and off campus mental health providers 5. Institution will assess need to implement interim or long-term protective measures, if appropriate. 6. Institution will provide the victim with a written explanation of the victim’s rights and options 7. Institution will provide a “No trespass” (PNG) directive to accused party if deemed appropriate 8. Institution will provide written instructions on how to apply for Protective Order 9. Institution will provide a copy of the policy applicable to Sexual Assault to the complainant and inform the complainant regarding timeframes for inquiry, investigation and resolution 10. Institution will inform the complainant of the outcome of the investigation, whether or not the accused will be administratively charged and what the outcome of the hearing is 11. Institution will enforce the anti-retaliation policy and take immediate and separate action against parties that retaliate against a person for complaining of sex-based discrimination or for assisting in the investigation

Stalking	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Institution will assess immediate safety needs of complainant 2. Institution will assist complainant with contacting local police if complainant requests AND provide the complainant with contact information for local police department 3. Institution will provide written instructions on how to apply for Protective Order 4. Institution will provide written information to complainant on how to preserve evidence 5. Institution will assess need to implement interim or long-term protective measures to protect the complainant, if appropriate 6. Institution will provide the victim with a written explanation of the victim’s rights and options 7. Institution will provide a “No trespass” (PNG) directive to accused party if deemed appropriate
Dating Violence	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Institution will assess immediate safety needs of complainant 2. Institution will assist complainant with contacting local police if complainant requests AND provide the complainant with contact information for local police department 3. Institution will provide written instructions on how to apply for Protective Order 4. Institution will provide written information to complainant on how to preserve evidence 5. Institution will assess need to implement interim or long-term protective measures to protect the complainant, if appropriate 6. Institution will provide the victim with a written explanation of the victim’s rights and options 7. Institution will provide a “No trespass” (PNG) directive to accused party if deemed appropriate
Domestic Violence	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Institution will assess immediate safety needs of complainant 2. Institution will assist complainant with contacting local police if complainant requests AND complainant provided with contact information for local police department 3. Institution will provide written instructions on how to apply for Protective Order 4. Institution will provide written information to complainant on how to preserve evidence 5. Institution will assess need to implement interim or long-term protective measures to protect the complainant, if appropriate 6. Institution will provide the victim with a written explanation of the victim’s rights and options 7. Institution will provide a “No trespass” (PNG) directive to accused party if deemed appropriate

6.4 Reporting Procedures:

Harford Community College and Towson University will respond promptly, fairly, and decisively to all reports of sexual assault. Members affiliated with Towson University will be subject to Towson University’s Code of Student Conduct and related disciplinary procedures when the alleged incident has occurred on campus or when the incident occurred off campus and materially affects the learning

environment or operations of the College.

Harford Community College is compliant with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act (The Clery Act) as amended in 1998, which requires all post-secondary institutions to publish and distribute certain information regarding campus crimes, including reports of campus sexual assault, sexual assault policies, and security programming to all current students, employees and to any applicant who so requests. Harford Community College shall make assistance available to those who have been affected by sexual assault through the Sexual Assault and Rape Counseling Center (SARC) located in Bel Air, MD.

We also strongly suggest that you:

- Get to a safe place;
- Call the police immediately;
- Regardless of whether you intend to prosecute, you are encouraged to obtain a medical evidentiary examination (SAFE Examination). In addition to medical assistance, important evidence can be collected that could aid in a future criminal prosecution. You always have the right to change your mind and not to pursue a criminal complaint.
- If safe to do so, take precautions so as not to destroy or tamper with any evidence that may be used in a criminal prosecution or administrative action. Evidence may include text, e-mail or voicemail messages, social networking postings, photographs, or written documents such as cards, notes, and letters.
- If you are not sure what to do, you can call the Rape Crisis Hotline at 410-828-6390 or The Maryland Coalition against Sexual Assault at 1-800-938-RAPE (7273). The advocate will provide you with options and you will not have to give your name;
- Do not bathe, shower, douche, change your clothes or disturb anything at the crime scene. Extremely valuable physical evidence can be obtained from you, your clothing and objects at the scene of the crime; and
- If you do not wish to make a report to the police, you are still encouraged to seek professional medical advice. It is important not to forget the possibility of sexually transmitted diseases and/or pregnancy.
- Victims have the option of reporting these incidents to Campus Security Authorities (CSA's) if they do not wish to report to the police.
- If the offense occurred off campus, Public Safety or CSA's can assist victims in notifying local law enforcement authorities if the victim so chooses.
- Victims do have the option of declining to notify such authorities.
- Public Safety or local law enforcement authorities can assist the victim by providing written information concerning the rights of victims and the institution's responsibilities regarding orders of protection, no contact orders, restraining orders, or similar lawful orders issued by a criminal, civil, or tribal court.
- If you have been the victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, you should report the incident promptly to the Title IX Coordinator, Dr. Leah Cox at 410-704-0203 or titleix@towson.edu. In addition, HCC Department of Public Safety can be contacted by calling, writing or coming into the office to report in person if the victim so desires (401 Thomas Run Rd, Belcamp Building Bel Air, Maryland 21014 or calling 443-412-2272). Reports of all domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking made to Campus Public Safety will automatically be referred to the Title IX Coordinator for investigation regardless if the reporting party chooses to pursue criminal charges.

- If the report is made to a member of the Towson University Policy Department or the institution's Title IX Coordinator, that person will explain to the victim their options about the involvement of law enforcement and campus authorities, including notification of the victim's option to notify proper law enforcement authorities, including on-campus and local police;
- Victims will also be advised of their option to be assisted by campus authorities in notifying law enforcement authorities if the victim so chooses; and including notification of the victim's option to decline to notify such authorities;

Rights of Victims and the Institution's Responsibilities for Protective Orders, Peace Orders, and No Contact Orders Issued by a Criminal, Civil, or Tribal Court or by the Institution

Towson University complies with Maryland law in recognizing Protective Orders and Peace by enforcing the terms of the Order and serving the Order if applicable. Any person who obtains an order of protection from Maryland or any reciprocal state (Maryland recognizes Orders issued from all other 49 States) should provide a copy to Campus Police and the Office of the Title IX Coordinator. A complainant may then meet with Campus Police to develop a Safety Action Plan, which is a plan for campus police and the victim to reduce risk of harm while on campus or coming and going from campus. This plan may include, but is not limited to: escorts, special parking arrangements, changing classroom location or allowing a student to complete assignments from home, etc.) The University cannot apply for a legal order of protection, no contact order or restraining order for a victim from the applicable jurisdiction(s).

The university may issue an institutional no contact order if deemed appropriate or at the request of the victim or accused. If the University receives a report that such an institutional no contact order has been violated, the University will initiate disciplinary proceedings appropriate to the status of the accused (student, employee, etc.) and will impose sanctions if the accused is found responsible for violating the order.

When a student or employee reports to the university that the student or employee has been a victim of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking, whether the offense occurred on or off campus, the university will provide the student or employee with a written explanation of the student or employee's rights and options, including the procedures victims should follow if a crime of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault or stalking has occurred along with information about how the university will protect the confidentiality of victims and other necessary parties;

The university will provide written notification to students and employees about victim services within the university and in the community; provisions about options for, available assistance in, and how to request accommodations and protective measures; and an explanation of the procedures for institutional disciplinary action.

The university will also provide written notification of victims about options for, available assistance in, and how to request changes to academic, living, transportation, and working situations or protective measures.

The university must make such accommodations or provide such protective measures if they are reasonably available, regardless of whether the victim chooses to report the crime to campus police or local law enforcement.

At the victim's request, and to the extent of the victim's cooperation and consent, university offices will work cooperatively to assist the victim in obtaining accommodations. If reasonably available, a victim

may be offered changes to academic, living, working, protective measures or transportation situations regardless of whether the victim chooses to report the crime to campus police or local law enforcement. Examples of options for a potential change to the academic situation may be to transfer to a different section of a class, withdraw and take a class at another time if there is no option for moving to a different section, etc. Potential changes to living situations may include moving to a different room or residence hall. Possible changes to work situations may include changing working hours. Possible changes in transportation may include having the student or employee park in a different location, assisting the student or employee with a safety escort, etc.

To request changes to academic, living, transportation and/or working situations or protective measures, a victim (student or employee should complete an online report the Title IX Office or contact the Title IX Office at 410-704-0203 or email titleix@towson.edu. The online report at https://towson-advocate.symphlicity.com/titleix_report/index.php/pid539147 will include:

1. Information about existing confidential and non-confidential resources, health, mental health, victim advocacy, legal assistance, visa and immigration assistance, student financial aid and other resources available for individuals affected by Sexual Misconduct (both within the university and in the larger community) is available on OIIE's website. Such resources include, without limitation, Sexual Assault centers, victim advocacy offices, women's centers, health centers, nearby hospitals which offer SAFE exams and help in obtaining medical attention, including transporting the Reporting Party to the nearest designated hospital; and counseling for mental health resources by the University and off campus resources available, other victim service entities and/or the nearest State designated rape crisis program;
2. Information about options for, available assistance in, and how to request changes to academic, living, transportation and working situations, and/or other Interim Measures, as applicable, is available on OIIE's website. Interim Measures will be provided if requested and reasonably available;
3. When a student or employee reports to the university that they have experienced Sexual Misconduct, the Title IX Coordinator (or their designee) will provide the student or employee an explanation (available on OIIE's website) of their rights and options (e.g., options to notify law enforcement and/or campus authorities, including the right to be assisted by campus authorities in notifying such authorities; guidance in preservation of evidence; encouragement to obtain immediate medical help; obtaining and/or enforcing no contact and/or protective orders; etc.); and
4. Information on external options for reporting Sexual Misconduct, as they may be amended from time to time, including local law enforcement, the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (for Title VII employment discrimination matters), the U.S. Department of Education's OCR. The relevant contact information for the aforementioned external reporting options are available as Appendix B (attached) and on OIIE's website.

On and Off Campus Services for Victims

Upon receipt of a report of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking, Towson University will provide written notification to students and employees about existing assistance with and/or information about obtaining resources and services including counseling, health, mental health, victim advocacy, legal assistance, visa and immigration assistance, student financial aid and assistance in notifying appropriate local law enforcement. These resources include the following:

Campus Resources

Employee Assistance Program Phone 1-800-346-0110

Inova is a free self-referral and confidential services available to fall faculty and staff, and members of their household, to help with personal and professional problems that interfere with the successful management of work and family responsibilities. Services include confidential counseling, legal services, financial services, identify theft services, work life referral services, online resources including access to on-demand seminars (PDF), and more. Services are available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week by phone or online provide “towsonu” as the username and password when prompted.

Office of Inclusion & Institutional Equity Phone: (410) 704-0203

Provides private support for faculty and staff who have experienced sexual violence including interim measures and accommodations. The office investigates incidents of sexual violence involving members of the University community. Administration Building Suite 214.

HCC Department of Public Safety: (443-412-2272)

When called to respond to sexual violence, HCC Department of Public Safety and Harford County Sheriff's Office will respond. Harford County Sheriff's Office defines sexual violence crimes by Maryland law. Maryland law has different definitions of sexual violence than Towson University. Criminal cases in a court of law also use a beyond a reasonable doubt standard to determine if a law was broke.

Community Resources

TurnAround Inc. Phone: (443) 279-0379

24hr Hotline or (410) 377-8111 to schedule an appointment Provides trained advocates for Baltimore County and Baltimore City that offer emotional, medical, and legal support and information 24-hours a day. They are a local organization that provides free and confidential immediate and ongoing counseling and advocacy for anyone impacted by sexual violence, including friends and family of victims/survivors.

SARC: Phone (410) 836-8430

Provides trained advocates for Harford County that offer victims, potential victims, and survivors of domestic violence, sexual violence, child abuse and stalking. All of SARC's services are offered in a confidential environment of trust and includes domestic violence program, sexual violence program, legal advocacy program, bed shelter, community outreach and education services and 24-hour helpline.

VASPA Phone: 240-777-4357

24-hr crisis line or 240-777-1355 weekdays Victim Assistance and Sexual Assault Program provides trained advocates for Montgomery County that offer victims information and referral, advocacy, crisis and ongoing counseling, support and compensation services for victims of crimes committed in Montgomery Country or who live in Montgomery County. Assistance is also provided to the victims' families and significant others.

Center for Abused Persons Phone: 301-645-3336

24-Hour Hotline or 301-645-8994 Is a private, non-profit agency providing the citizens of Charles County with crisis and on-going professional counseling; support services and emergency shelter for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, and child abuse.

Baltimore County Police Phone: 911

Baltimore County Police define sexual violence crimes by Maryland law. Maryland law has different definitions of sexual violence than Towson University. Criminal cases in a court of law also use a beyond a reasonable doubt standard to determine if a law was broke.

Greater Baltimore Medical Center (GBMC) Phone: (443) 849-3323 & Harford Memorial Hospital Phone: (443) 843-5000

Provides free SAFE exams (sexual assault forensic evidence) that collects and preserves DNA evidence after a sexual assault. The evidence could be used if criminal charges are pursued. SAFE exams are available 24 hours, every day of the year. The exams are conducted at 6701 N. Charles Street Towson, MD. 21204 for GBMC and 501 S. Union Ave. Havre De Grace, Md. 21078.

Mercy Medical Center Phone: (410) 332-9477

Provides free SAFE exams (sexual assault forensic evidence) that collects and preserves DNA evidence after a sexual assault. The evidence could be used if criminal charges are pursued. Located at 345 St. Paul Place, Baltimore, MD.

Maryland Legal Aid Phone: (410) 951-7777

Provides free civil legal assistance to low-income individuals throughout the state of Maryland. This includes residents of rural and urban settings, disabled persons, children, seniors, farm workers, and those at risk of losing housing, custody, health and income maintenance.

The People's Law Library of Maryland

Research free and low-cost legal service providers in Maryland

Maryland Office of the Public Defender Phone: (410) 767-8460

Provides defense counsel to persons who cannot afford a private attorney

State and National Resources

Rape, Abuse and Incest National Network (RAINN) Phone: 1-800-656-4673

Operates the National Sexual Assault Hotline. Carries out programs to prevent sexual violence and help victims.

National Domestic Violence Hotline Phone: 1-800-799-7233

Highly trained advocates are available 24/7 to talk confidentially with anyone experiencing domestic violence, seeking resources or information, or questioning unhealthy aspects of their relationship.

Maryland Coalition Against Sexual Assault (MCASA) Phone: 301-328-7023

The coalition focuses on public policy, education activities, community outreach and technical assistance and legal services.

Sexual Assault Legal Institute (SALI) Phone: 301-565-2277

A program of MCASA that provides direct legal services for victims and survivors of sexual violence.

National Coalition Against Domestic Violence

The coalition does not provide direct services, but have a referral site for other resources covering a wide variety or needs.

National Sexual Violence Resource Center (NSVRC)

The NSVRC does not provide direct services to sexual assault victims but rather supports those who do, such as coalitions, rape crisis centers, national, state and local agencies and allied programs.

National Stalking Resource Center

Provides multiple services including: training, technical assistance, website and an information

clearinghouse. The Stalking Resource Center provides direct assistance to build the capacity of criminal justice and victim services organizations to respond effectively to stalking.

Other resources available to persons who report being the victim of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, include:

<http://www.rainn.org> – Rape, Abuse and Incest National Network

<http://www.justice.gov/ovw> - Department of Justice

<http://victimsofcrime.org/our-programs/stalking-resource-center-National> Center for Victims of Crime (Stalking Resource Center)

<http://ncadv.org/> National Coalition Against Domestic Violence

<http://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/index.html> U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights

Confidentiality

Victims may request that directory information on file with the university be withheld by contacting the Office of Registrar at 410-704-2701 or email at recordsandregistration@towson.edu. The university will protect the confidentiality of victims and other necessary parties and will complete publicly available recordkeeping, including Clery Act reporting and disclosures, without the inclusion of personally identifying information about the victim, as defined in section 40002(a)(20) of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 13925(a)(20)); and will maintain as confidential any accommodations or protective measures provided to the victim, to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair the ability of the university to provide the accommodations or protective measures.

Regardless of whether a victim has opted-out of allowing the University to share “directory information,” personally identifiable information about the victim and other necessary parties will be treated as confidential and only shared with persons who have a specific need-to-know, i.e., those who are investigating/adjudicating the report or those involved in providing support services to the victim, including accommodations and protective measures. By only sharing personally identifiable information with individuals on a need-to-know basis, the institution will maintain as confidential, any accommodations or protective measures provided to the victim to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair the ability of the institution to provide the accommodations or protective measures.

The standard of evidence that will be used during any institutional disciplinary proceeding arising from an allegation of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking is the preponderance of evidence standard.

Possible sanctions for rape, acquaintance rape, domestic violence, dating violence, other forcible or non-forcible sex offenses, or stalking following an on-campus disciplinary proceeding include censure, social probation, termination of residence contract, or suspension or expulsion from the university.

The university has procedures in place that serve to be sensitive to those who report sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking. These procedures include informing individuals about their right to file criminal charges as well as availability of counseling, health, mental health, victim advocacy, legal assistance, visa and immigration assistance and other services on and/or off campus. There are also remedies to prevent contact between a complainant and an accused party such as housing, academic, transportation and working accommodations, if reasonably available,

regardless of whether or not the victim chooses to report the crime to campus police or local law enforcement.

6.5 Lead Title IX Coordinator:

Towson University's lead Title IX Coordinator may be contacted by phone at: 410-704-0203 or by email at: titleix@towson.edu or by submitting an [on-line report](#).

Towson University employees who suspect or know of an incident of sexual misconduct, are required to offer resources to the student. They must also report the incident to the Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Title IX Coordinators. The university's procedures aim to provide prompt, fair and impartial investigation by specially trained professionals committed to protecting the community from further harm. For more information on the role of the Title IX Coordinator or on reporting incidents of sexual misconduct, refer to:

www.towson.edu/titleix

6.6 Procedures Victims Should Follow if a Crime of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault and Stalking Occurs

After an incident of sexual assault, dating violence or domestic violence, the victim should consider seeking medical attention as soon as possible at Harford Memorial Hospital located on 501S. Union Ave, Havre De Grace, Md. 21078. In Maryland, evidence may be collected even if you chose not to make a report to law enforcement and you can have a "Jane or John Doe" exam conducted at the hospital. In Maryland, a "property-held" number is assigned to the evidence and is not be connected to the patient's identity. This is the State of Maryland's policy developed to be compliant with the 2005 federal Violence Against Women Act Reauthorization under which U.S. states may not "require a victim of sexual assault to participate in the criminal justice system or cooperate with law enforcement in order to be provided with a forensic medical exam, reimbursed for charges incurred on account of such an exam, or both" 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg-4(d). It is important that a victim of sexual assault not bathe, douche, smoke, change clothing or clean the bed/linen/area where they were assaulted if the offense occurred within the past 96 hours so that evidence may be preserved that may assist in proving that the alleged criminal offense occurred/or is occurring or may be helpful in obtaining a protection order. In circumstances of sexual assault, if victims do not opt for forensic evidence collection, health care providers can still treat injuries and take steps to address concerns of pregnancy and/or sexually transmitted infections. Victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, stalking, and dating violence are encouraged to also preserve evidence by saving text messages, instant messages, social networking pages, other communications, and keeping pictures, logs or other copies of documents, if they have any, that would be useful to University adjudicators/investigators or police.

As time passes, evidence may dissipate or become lost or unavailable, thereby making investigation, possible prosecution, disciplinary proceedings, or obtaining protection from abuse orders related to the incident more difficult. If a victim chooses not to make a complaint regarding an incident, he or she nevertheless should consider speaking with Campus Public Safety or other law enforcement to preserve evidence in the event that the victim decides to report the incident to law enforcement or the University at a later date to assist in proving that the alleged criminal offense occurred or that may be helpful in obtaining a protection order.

Due to the sophisticated investigative resources required to properly investigate certain sex crimes, the HCC Department of Public safety will work with the Harford County Sheriff's Office to investigate crimes of sexual assault.

Maryland police departments offer reported victims of rape and sexual assault the opportunity to have SAFE exams (Sexual Assault Forensic Examination) regardless if victims want to initiate or cooperate with an investigation into the incident. Harford Memorial Hospital is the local health care facility that performs SAFE exams. Victims have SAFE exam options that are:

- SAFE exam with immediate police involvement;
- Medical examination only by an emergency department physician; and
- SAFE exam with a deferred reporting option (DRO) that will be explained by a Forensic Nurse Examiner.

6.7 Disciplinary Process - Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Stalking, Sexual Assault

Proceeding: Means all activities related to a non-criminal resolution of a university disciplinary complaint. Including but not limited to, fact-finding investigations, formal or informal meetings, and hearings.

Result: means any initial, interim, and final decision by any official or entity authorized to resolve disciplinary matters within the institution. The result must include any sanctions imposed by the institution. Notwithstanding section 444 of the General Education Provisions Act (20 U.S.C.1232g), commonly referred to as the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), the result must also include the rationale for the result and the sanctions.

University disciplinary proceedings will provide a prompt, fair, and impartial process in cases of alleged domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and/or stalking from the initial investigation to the final result. The proceedings will be conducted by officials who receive annual training on the issues related to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking and how to conduct an investigation and hearing process that protects the safety of victims and promotes accountability. Proceedings will be conducted by officials who do not have a conflict of interest or bias for or against the accuser or accused. The proceeding will be completed within reasonably prompt timeframes designated by the university's policy, including a process that allows for the extension of timeframes for good cause with written notice to the accuser and the accused of the delay and the reason for the delay. The process will be conducted in a manner that is consistent with the institution's policies and transparent to the accuser and accused. It will include timely notice of meetings at which the accuser or accused, or both, may be present and provides timely and equal access to the accuser, the accused, and appropriate officials to any information that will be used during informal and formal disciplinary meetings and hearings.

The university's disciplinary process is consistent with the university's policy and will include a prompt, fair, and impartial investigation and resolution process transparent to the accuser and the accused. The accuser and the accused are entitled to the same opportunities to have others present during a university disciplinary proceeding, including the opportunity to be accompanied to any related meeting or proceeding by an advisor of their choice. Proceedings will not limit the choice of advisor or presence for either the accuser or the accused in any meeting or institutional disciplinary proceeding; however, the institution may establish restrictions regarding the extent to which the advisor may participate in the proceedings, as long as the restrictions apply equally to both parties. Both the accuser and the

accused shall be simultaneously informed, in writing, of the any initial, interim and final decision of any university disciplinary proceeding that arises from an allegation of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

Types of Disciplinary Proceedings Utilized in Cases of Alleged Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault and Stalking

Policy Statement Towson University

Towson University is committed to providing a working, learning, and living environment free from Sexual Misconduct, assault, harassment, or any form of discrimination based on sex, sexual orientation, or gender-related identity. Sexual Misconduct is a form of discrimination prohibited by state and federal laws (including Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 as amended (“Title IX”), the Campus SAVE Act, and Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 as amended), may constitute criminal activity, and is a form of Sex Discrimination in violation of the university’s Non-Discrimination Policy (Policy No. 06-01.00 - Prohibiting Discrimination on the Basis of Race, Color Religion, Age, National Origin, Sex and Disability). Sexual Misconduct is a broad term describing a range of behavior, including the Prohibited Conduct defined below (i.e., Sexual Harassment, Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Violence, Relationship Violence, Sexual Exploitation, Sexual Intimidation, Stalking, etc.). Sexual Misconduct is prohibited and will not be tolerated.

The university endeavors to foster a climate free from Sexual Misconduct through training, education, and prevention programs, as well as by following policies and procedures that promote prompt reporting. This also means the university works to investigate and resolve reports or complaints of Sexual Misconduct in a reasonably prompt timeframe. It will also take prompt action to effectively address and work to prevent Sexual Misconduct.

Retaliation against someone for participating in the university’s procedures regarding Sexual Misconduct is prohibited. This includes any form of Retaliation (e.g., intimidation, threats, harassment, and/or other adverse action taken or threatened) against any individual who (i) has been the victim or alleged perpetrator of Sexual Misconduct, (ii) reports or files a complaint alleging a violation of the Policy, and/or (iii) cooperates or participates in the Investigation of such allegations (including providing information, assisting, or testifying).

Members of the university Community found to have violated this Policy will be subject to disciplinary action in accordance with the university’s Policies and Procedures. A violation of this Policy may constitute professional misconduct and/or moral turpitude under the Towson University Policy on Appointment, Rank and Tenure of Faculty, and/or gross misconduct and/or moral turpitude under Towson University’s Policy on Separation for Regular Exempt Employees.

The Title IX Coordinator, who works in the university’s Office of Inclusion & Institutional Equity (“OIIE”), administers this Policy and coordinates the University’s efforts to carry out its responsibilities under Title IX. OIIE receives reports of Sexual Misconduct and conducts Investigations. No employee (other than law enforcement) is authorized to investigate or resolve 2 reports of Sexual Misconduct without the involvement of the Title IX Coordinator. Please report allegations of Sexual Misconduct or possible violations of this Policy to OIIE or Title IX Coordinator:

Leah Cox, Vice President and Interim Title IX Coordinator
Office of Inclusion & Institutional Equity
Towson University Administration Building, Room 214

1. **Reporting:** All persons are encouraged to report Sexual Misconduct promptly in order to maximize the university's ability to obtain evidence, identify potential witnesses, and conduct a thorough, prompt, and impartial Investigation. The University also accepts Anonymous Complaints. The University will promptly respond to reports of Sexual Misconduct and take appropriate action consistent with this Policy and associated procedures. The university may extend the time frames set forth in this Policy and Procedure for good cause. Exceptions to these time frames may vary for a number of reasons, including, but not limited to, depending on the complexity of the 10 Investigation, volume of evidence, access to and/or responsiveness of relevant parties (including witnesses), the number of witnesses involved, and/or number of issues on appeal. Deciding whether to report and choosing how to proceed are personal decisions. When reporting an incident, a Reporting Party does not need to decide whether to request any particular course of action. Choosing to report and deciding how to proceed after making the report is a process that unfolds over time. The university makes every effort to respect a Reporting Party's input about how they would personally like to proceed. Resources are available to support an individual regardless of the course of action ultimately pursued.

The individual who has reported the experienced Sexual Misconduct, whether a university student, University employee, or third party has the right to choose whether or not to file a complaint resulting in a Title IX Investigation. Upon receiving a report of Sexual Misconduct, OIIE shall contact the relevant individual(s) to offer support resources, schedule an optional, in-person meeting in order to discuss Interim Measures, and explain options regarding how to proceed. In situations where the university determines that a report raises a significant risk to public safety, the university may proceed with an Investigation even where the Reporting Party chooses not to proceed or participate in the Investigation. The university will communicate this decision to the Reporting Party.

2. **Jurisdiction:** The university has jurisdiction over Title IX complaints made in connection with University programs and activities. This Policy applies to all members of the university Community, including students, faculty, and staff. It also applies to university guests, contractors, and other third parties acting for or on behalf of the university. The university may amend this Policy from time to time. Further, the Title IX Coordinator with the approval of the General Counsel, may from time to time make revisions and updates to this Policy to comply with applicable laws, regulations and governmental guidance and any amendments thereto.
3. **Notice and Next Steps:** Once the university receives notice of an allegation of Sexual Misconduct, it will take prompt action, in accordance with its internal procedures (<https://www.towson.edu/inclusionequity/titleix/>) to investigate or otherwise try to determine what occurred. This obligation applies to reports of Sexual Misconduct regardless of whether a parallel law enforcement Investigation or action is pending or whether a formal complaint is filed. The university strives to issue decisions regarding whether the reported conduct constitutes Sexual Misconduct within a reasonable period of time. The university should document circumstances which impact its ability to complete an investigation or issue a decision.

University action typically includes, as appropriate:

- A. Outreach to the Reporting Party;
- B. Initial review; 13
- C. Intake meeting;
- D. Interim Measures;

- E. Notice to the Responding Party;
- F. Investigation;
- G. Hearing; and
- H. Notice of finding to both parties (including the right to appeal).

4. 1. Timeliness

The university does not impose an affirmative time limit by which individuals must report Sexual Misconduct or any related violation. However, if too much time has passed since the incident occurred, the delay may result in loss of relevant evidence and witness testimony, impairing the university's ability to respond and take appropriate action.

2. Obligations of Responsible Employees

A Responsible Employee should, within 48 hours after becoming aware of an allegation of Sexual Misconduct, make a report to OIIE. That office then takes action to address the situation consistent with this Policy (and associated procedures). Failure by a Responsible Employee to promptly report an incident of Sexual Misconduct brought to their attention may result in discipline consistent with the University's policies and procedures.

5. **Prompt Action:** Once the university knows (or reasonably should know) of possible Sexual Misconduct, it will take prompt action, consistent with this Policy, to conduct an Investigation. This obligation applies to Sexual Misconduct covered by this Policy regardless of where the Sexual Misconduct allegedly occurred, whether a parallel law enforcement Investigation or action is pending, and whether a complaint is filed.
6. **Investigation Process:** The university investigates allegations of sex/gender-based harassment, discrimination, and/or Sexual Misconduct to determine whether the preponderance of the evidence indicates a Policy violation occurred. The preponderance of the evidence corresponds to an amount of evidence indicating a Policy violation is more than 50% likely. 16 In such Investigations, legal terms like "guilt," "innocence" and "burdens of proof" are not applicable, but the university never assumes a Responding Party is in violation of University Policy. Investigations are conducted to take into account the totality of all evidence available, from all relevant sources.
7. A. **Student Sanctions:** Factors considered in sanctioning are defined in the Code of Student Conduct and other applicable Policies and Procedures. The university imposes sanctions consistent with the Code of Student Conduct. See https://www.towson.edu/studentaffairs/policies/documents/code_of_student_conduct.pdf. With respect to Student Responding Parties, the Director of OSCCE, in accordance with the provisions of the Code of Student Conduct, is responsible for imposing disciplinary action. Failure to comply with sanctions may result in further disciplinary action.
- B. **Staff Sanctions:** With respect to Staff Responding Parties, any disciplinary action or corrective measures will be imposed by the appropriate supervisor, in consultation with the Office of Human Resources, OIIE, and other relevant administrators, as needed. This may include the following:
- Verbal reminders;
 - Mandatory training;
 - Written reminders;
 - Reassignment of duties;
 - Unit transfers; • Letter of reprimand;
 - Suspension without pay;
 - Suspension pending charges of removal; and/or 17

- Termination.

Staff may grieve discipline imposed as a result of a violation of this Policy in accordance with their respective grievance rights. See USM Policies VII08.00 (Policy on Grievances for Nonexempt and Exempt Staff Employees) and VII-08.05 (Policy on Grievances for Regular Exempt Employees).

C. Faculty Sanctions: With respect to Faculty Responding Parties, disciplinary action or corrective measures will be imposed by the appropriate supervisors, in consultation with the Office of the Provost, OIIE, the Office of Human Resources and other relevant administrators, as needed. This may include the following:

- Verbal reminders;
- Mandatory training;
- Reassignment of duties;
- Written reminders;
- Letters of reprimand or censure;
- Suspension with or without pay; and/or
- Termination.

A violation of this Policy may constitute professional misconduct and/or moral turpitude under the TU Policy on Appointment, Rank and Tenure of Faculty (Policy 02-01.00). Faculty may grieve discipline imposed as a result of a violation of this Policy in accordance with their respective grievance rights under the Responsibilities and Procedures of the Faculty Grievance and Mediation Committee and the Faculty Hearing Committee (Policy 02- 04.00)

8. **Interim Measures:** Upon receiving a report of Sexual Misconduct, the Title IX Coordinator (in consultation with faculty members as may be necessary) may impose Interim Measures to protect the University Community. Interim Measures provided to students may vary from those provided to employees, consistent with the University’s policies and procedures, employment contracts, and bargaining agreements.

Examples of Interim Measures include, but are not limited to:

1. Allowing a student to take an incomplete or withdraw from a class without penalty;
2. Assisting students obtain counseling and/or healthcare resources;
3. Academic support resources (e.g., tutoring, etc.);
4. Moving a student to another lab/lecture section;
5. Moving a student to another residence hall;
6. Allowing a student to break a housing contract without penalty;
7. Changing a student/employee’s employment arrangements (e.g., schedule, location, responsibilities, etc.);
8. Allowing employees use of vacation days without prior approval; and/or
9. Arranging for escort resources.

Upon an initial report of Sexual Misconduct, OIIE shall, as appropriate, offer and implement reasonable Interim Measures. Interim Measures are offered on a case-by-case basis designed to support and meet the needs of the individuals involved relative to the specific allegations of Sexual Misconduct in order to ensure their safety so that they may continue to access their education and/or workplace. Interim Measures may be provided even if a Reporting Party does not ultimately file a complaint resulting in an Investigation. If a Reporting Party does not file a complaint and Interim Measures are instituted, the time period during which the Interim Measures are provided shall be determined on a case-by-case basis within the discretion of OIIE.

University-Initiated Protective Measures

In addition to those protective measures previously described, the Title IX Coordinator or their designee will determine whether interim interventions and protective measure should be implemented, and, if so, take steps to implement those protective measures as soon as possible. Examples of interim protective measures include, but are not limited to: a University order of no contact, residence hall relocation, adjustment of course schedules, a leave of absence, or reassignment to a different supervisor or position. These remedies may be applied to one, both, or multiple parties involved. Violations of the Title IX Coordinator's directives and/or protective measures will constitute related violations that may lead to additional disciplinary action. Protective measures imposed may be temporary pending the results of an investigation or may become permanent as determined by Interim Title IX Coordinator, Dr. Leah Cox at 410-704-0203 or email titleix@towson.edu.

The university will, upon written request, disclose to the alleged victim of a crime of violence or a non-forcible sex offense, the report on the results of any disciplinary proceeding conducted by the university against a student who is the alleged perpetrator of such crime or offense. If the alleged victim is deceased as a result of such crime or offense, the next of kin of such victim shall be treated as the alleged victim for purposes of this paragraph.

There will be simultaneous notification, in writing, to both the accuser and the accused, of the institution's procedures for the accused and the victim to appeal the result of the institutional disciplinary proceeding.

The accused and the victim can appeal the results of the university disciplinary proceeding; of any change to the results that occurs prior to the time that such results become final; and when such results become final, as per the process outlined in the Code of Student Conduct.

Possible sanctions for rape, acquaintance rape, domestic violence, dating violence, other forcible or non-forcible sex offenses, or stalking following an on-campus disciplinary proceeding include censure, social probation, termination of residence contract, or suspension or expulsion from the university. For more information, see The Towson University Student Code of Conduct:

<https://www.towson.edu/about/administration/policies/documents/policies/06-01-60-policy-on-sexual-misconduct.pdf>

Counselors with Towson University are not considered Campus Security Authorities, when acting in their professional counseling roles and therefore, are not required to report statistics concerning incidents of sexual assault. Contact the Counseling Center (410-704-2512) for more information.

Please also refer to the Towson University and University System of Maryland policies that are located at the following links:

<http://www.usmd.edu/regents/bylaws/SectionVI/VI160.pdf>

and

<https://www.towson.edu/about/administration/policies/documents/polices/07-01-10-policy-on-substance-abuse-for-faculty-staff-and-students.pdf>

A student or employee who reports to an institution of higher education that the student or employee has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, whether the offense occurred on or off campus, will be provided with a written explanation of the student or employee's rights and options, as described above.

A university, agent of a university, or an officer, or its employees may not retaliate, threaten, coerce, or otherwise discriminate against any individual for exercising their rights or responsibilities under any provision of this section.

Compliance with Department of Education 34 CFR 668.46 does not constitute a violation of section 444 of the General Education Provisions Act (20 U.S.C. 1232g), commonly known as the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (FERPA).

6.8 Protective Orders

Victims may also seek a peace order from the District Court in accordance with the provisions of Title 3, Subtitle 15 of the Courts and Judicial Proceedings Article of the Maryland Code, or a protective order or temporary protective order in accordance with Title 4, Subtitle 5 of the Family Law Article of the Maryland Code. District Court location for incidents occurring in Harford County:

District Court of Maryland – Harford County
2 South Bond Street
Suite 100
Bel Air, MD 21014-3737
410-836-4545 Phone

Hours of Operation: 8:30 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Monday through Friday except legal holidays District Court

Commissioner's Office—Harford County Maryland
1030 North Rock Spring Avenue
Bel Air, MD 21014
410-638-4770 or 410-638-4771 Phone
410-638-0740 Fax
410-803-1815 Baltimore Line
Hours of Operation: 24 hours - 7 days a week

Any victim who obtains a peace order, protective order, temporary protective order, or similar order issued by a civil or criminal court should notify the HCC Department of Public Safety and provide a copy of the order so they may take steps to enforce the order on campus. Victims may also contact the TU Office of Student Conduct and Civility Education at (410) 704-2057 to discuss options about no contact orders facilitated through Towson University.

Reports of all domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking made to Public Safety will automatically be referred to the TU Title IX Coordinator for investigation regardless of the complainant's decision to pursue or decline to file criminal charges.

7.00 REGISTERED SEX OFFENDER INFORMATION

Various statutes, including the federal Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act, requires higher education institutions issue a statement advising the campus community where law enforcement agency information provided by a state concerning registered sex offenders can be found. It also requires sex offenders already required to register in a state to provide notice, as required under state law, of each institution of higher education in the state at which the person is employed, carries on a vocation, volunteers their services, or is a student. Maryland sexual offender registration information, including registrants employed or enrolled at Maryland higher education institutions, can be found at:

<http://www.dpscs.state.md.us/sorSearch/>

8.0 SUBSTANCE ABUSE

Towson University's complete policy on substance abuse for Faculty, Staff, and Students can be found at: <https://www.towson.edu/about/administration/policies/documents/policies/07-01-10-policy-on-substance-abuse-for-faculty-staff-and-students.pdf>

8.1 HCC Smoke and Tobacco-Free Campus Policy

It is the policy of Harford Community College that the College is a smoke- and tobacco-free environment. The use of any type of tobacco product, smoking device or equipment, or any item that simulates smoking, is prohibited in all buildings and areas of the campus and off-campus sites supervised by the College. Violators are subject to a \$50 fine and/or disciplinary action.

8.2 Towson University Alcohol Policy

Any person using alcoholic beverages while on Towson University or Harford Community College property shall be responsible to all civil and university authorities for compliance with state and county laws and the University Alcohol Policy. It is illegal in the state of Maryland for anyone under the age of 21 to purchase, possess, or consume alcohol or to falsify or misrepresent his or her age to obtain alcohol. It is also illegal to possess alcohol in an open container on any street, lane, highway, or other thoroughfare within the Town of Bel Air (Harford County).

8.3 Towson University Drug Policy

The use, possession, and/or sale of illegal drugs are violations of Towson University's Code of Conduct, the faculty contract, and the terms of employment of administrative, classified and contingent staff. Faculty, students, and employees who use, possess or sell illegal drugs are subject to criminal or civil prosecution as applicable and administrative disciplinary actions that may include mandatory counseling, suspension, or dismissal. For the purposes of referrals and arrests, possession of marijuana less than 10 grams is a civil offense and a Towson University Policy Violation.

8.4 Enforcement

The possession, sale, or furnishing of alcohol and illicit drugs on Towson University or Harford Community College property is governed by the Towson University Policy on Substance Abuse for Faculty, Staff, and Students, the University Code of Conduct, and state and federal laws. These laws are strictly enforced by campus and local law enforcement. Violators are subject to University disciplinary action, criminal or civil prosecution as applicable, fines and/or imprisonment.

8.5 Education

Numerous drug and alcohol abuse prevention programs are presented each year through a cooperative effort of many university departments. Alcohol counseling and drug rehabilitation programs and referrals are available at the Towson University Counseling Center. See also:

<http://www.towson.edu/counseling/>

8.6 Alcohol Education

Towson University has implemented a comprehensive prevention program to help our students make the safest, healthiest decisions possible. The university has adopted Alcohol Edu for College, a Web-based alcohol prevention program being used at more than 350 colleges and universities around the country. The program uses the latest prevention techniques and science-based research to educate students about the impact of alcohol on the mind and body whether or not the student drinks alcohol.

Every incoming first-year Towson University student will be asked to take Alcohol Edu for College and pass the course's final exam by a certain date and preferably before arriving on campus. Because it is available online, students need only a computer with Internet access and audio capabilities to take the course.

While Towson University is committed to making a difference with our students, we also understand that parents are the first line of defense against alcohol misuse and abuse. The university also makes the course available for parents to review to help them when having a discussion with their son or daughter about alcohol. We are confident that Alcohol Edu for College will help ensure our students' success at Towson University and in the future. More information on this program can be found at:

<https://www.towson.edu/counseling/events/>

9.00 ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH AND SAFETY

The HCC Environmental and Occupational Health office is responsible for planning, coordinating, and implementing the various safety programs that promote safe and healthful conditions for students, employees, and visitors. The contractual agreement between Towson University and HCC specifies that HCC will perform various building maintenance duties. The sprinkler system will be tested on a quarterly basis. HCC will also provide for trash removal, pest control, and landscaping maintenance. HCC will work with the Harford County Health Department to ensure maintenance and testing related to waste water management and domestic water systems in accordance with Maryland Department of the Environment (MDE) standards.

There are no on campus residence halls or housing facilities.

It is the goal of the Harford Community College to provide the safest environment possible, by complying with all Federal, State, and County safety and health regulations, as well as various College guidelines and protocols, including provisions contained within:

- Title 29 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1910
- Title 09 of the Code of Maryland Regulations, Subtitle 12
- National Fire Protection Association, Life Safety Code 101

Towson University's Environmental Health and Safety (EHS) team will conduct fire drills once per semester at TUNE. Other items TU EHS will handle include:

- Emergency eyewash/shower inspection (annual)
- Fume hood inspection (annual)
- Training of TU staff
- Chemical Inventory
- Fire System Inspections: HCC is responsible for sprinkler system only at this time.

- Accident Investigation (as needed)
- AED inspection

10.0 EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS EMERGENCY RESPONSE AND EVACUATION PROCEDURES

Harford Community College maintains two written emergency response products that effectively prepare College employees to respond to the major and identifiable emergencies at varying levels: The *Emergency Operations Plan* provides an organizational and procedural framework for managing emergencies, with emphasis on preparedness and response. It provides more comprehensive guidance for preparing for and responding to emergencies at an administrative level. An abbreviated version of this plan, called the *Emergency Operations Guide*, provides guidance for responding to emergencies at the division/department/unit level.

The *Emergency Operations Plan* provides for the coordination between Harford Community College, the local government, and other public agencies for the further protection of Harford Community College employees and property, as well as that of the surrounding community and environment. All emergencies cannot be avoided, but with the proper planning, orientation, and training, the probability of a safe and desired outcome can be enhanced. To review the complete *Emergency Operations Guide*:

<https://www.harford.edu/about/offices-and-departments/public-safety/emergency-response.aspx>

The Emergency Response and Evacuation Procedures are published annually in the Harford Community College student handbook, course schedule book, and Harford Community College website:

<http://www.harford.edu/publicsafety>

Public Safety patrols the campus buildings and properties to ensure their safety. Evacuation procedures and interior safety zones are clearly posted within each building. Each classroom is equipped with a safety phone that can receive mass emergency messages.

The Bel Air Volunteer Fire Company has primary responsibility for incidents occurring on the HCC campus.

10.1 Evacuation Procedures

Evacuation emergencies include fires; hazmat and explosions when evacuations are directed by emergency personnel; natural gas leaks; unplanned utility outages; bomb threats and other situations when emergency personnel direct buildings to be evacuated. Evacuations can range from a single building to a portion of campus or the entire campus. In the event of an area-wide or campus-wide evacuation, the HCC Department of Public Safety will coordinate with local government authorities to ensure that evacuation directions do not conflict with those of the surrounding jurisdiction. In the event of a fire or other evacuation emergency on campus, all persons in affected areas must evacuate immediately. Notification of a fire or other evacuation emergency is provided by a building fire alarm signal or internal voice emergency communication system depending on the building. Initial emergency notifications may also be followed by e-mail, text message (*AlertMe*), voice communication (external emergency speaker system), message board announcement, NetNotify (TU networked computer screen), or OwlNet (HCC networked computer screen).

When an alarm sounds, observe the following procedures

- Remain calm.
- Turn off motors, gas and laboratory equipment if applicable.

- Close all windows and doors.
- Using the nearest unobstructed exit - evacuate the room in an orderly manner.
- Move at least 100 feet from the building and do not block roadway, walkways, or fire hydrants.
- Re-enter building only when instructed to do so by the Department of Public Safety official on the scene.

10.2 Fire or Explosion

In the event of a fire or explosion

- Pull the building alarm.
- Leave the building by the nearest exit.
- Call 911 and provide details on the location of the fire.
- Call Department of Public Safety at 443-412-2272 or on campus at ext. 2272 and provide details on the location of the fire.

10.3 Fire Alarm

The signal for fire emergency is a continuously sounding bell/alarm. Each building has a separate fire alarm system. The systems are not tied to a central alarm. Building fire alarm boxes are located at the exits to all buildings.

11.0 CAMPUS FACILITIES ACCESS AND SECURITY ACCESS CONTROL

Public Safety patrols the campus buildings and properties to ensure their safety.

11.1 Campus Access

In accordance with the Education Article of the Maryland Code, Section 26-102, the president or her/his written designee may deny access to the buildings or grounds of the HCC to any person who: (a) is not a bona fide currently registered student or is not a current employee of the college and/or who does not have lawful business to pursue at the college, or (b) is suspended or expelled, or (c) acts in a disruptive manner.

All persons attending classes must be officially registered for those classes. Children (ages 12 and under) are not to be left unattended at any time, under any circumstances.

Campus facilities are accessible to students and staff during the college's normal operating hours. Facilities are opened and monitored during non-operating hours for scheduled special events. When the college is closed, buildings and facilities are secured and inaccessible.

Access to the college's athletic fields and gymnasium must be officially authorized. This policy applies to students as well as members of the public. Violators are subject to be fined and/or arrested for trespassing.

HCC has installed over 100 surveillance cameras throughout the campus to enhance safety and security. Cameras are not continually monitored; though live feeds are viewed intermittently and archived footage may be reviewed as needed. Additionally, emergency phone lines have been installed in all classrooms. The phones will dial directly to 911 or Public Safety by pressing the corresponding speed dial and should only be used in the event of an emergency. The phones cannot be used to manually dial a phone line and may not receive incoming phone calls.

11.2 Access to Facilities

Hours of operation for the TUNE are: 8:00 a.m. to 8:30 p.m. Monday through Thursday, 8:00 a.m. –

4:00 p.m. Friday, and closed Saturday and Sunday.

11.3 Parking Facilities

Parked cars can present opportunities for certain criminal activities, but drivers can do several things to significantly reduce the likelihood that their property will be victimized. Never leave a vehicle running, unlocked, keys in the ignition, or windows rolled down. Keep all valuables out of sight. Use security devices such as car alarms, steering wheel locks and devices such as fuel or electric cut-off switches. Drivers should have their vehicle keys in their hands when approaching their vehicles and look inside the vehicle before getting in. Parking lots are monitored by video cameras.

12.00 MISSING STUDENT NOTIFICATION POLICY

This section applies to students residing in any university or privatized/affiliated housing (collectively “housing”). TUNE does not offer student housing.

13.0 TOWSON UNIVERSITY ILLEGAL WEAPONS POLICY

Towson University’s weapons policy, **06-01.11 – Weapons Prohibited**, prohibits the possession or control of any weapon on university property. Follow this link to the university’s policy:

<https://www.towson.edu/about/administration/policies/documents/policies/06-01-11-weapons-prohibited.pdf>

13.1 HCC Weapons and Violence Prohibitions

All persons are prohibited from carrying a handgun, firearm, or weapon of any kind onto college property. Only persons affiliated with a law enforcement agency who are authorized to carry a weapon and possess government credentials are exempt from this prohibition.

Any and all forms of violence, threatening behavior, and/or verbal/non-verbal harassment that involve or affect Harford Community College or occur on the college campus or its satellites, off-site facilities or in any off-campus college event or location that could be considered an extension of the workplace(i.e., official travel) are prohibited. This includes threatening behavior, violent actions, and harassment by/against or between/among students, employees, supervisors, and visitors.

14.0 CRIME STATISTICS

The TUPD reports crime statistics to State and Federal authorities. *Clery Act* statistics are submitted to the US Department of Education. Uniform Crime Report (UCR) crime statistics are reported through the Maryland State Police, Criminal Justice Information System (CJIS) to the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI).

There are significant similarities and differences in the two crime reporting systems. Crime definitions are the same between the UCR and Clery Act systems. However, the Clery Act requires that certain student disciplinary referrals and incident data from Campus Security Authorities is reported.

The HCC Director of Public Safety gathers crime data from local police jurisdictions and Harford Community College Public Safety records, and compiles accurate annual crime statistics. These statistics are clearly publicly displayed at the office of Public Safety (located in the library), as well as published in the HCC course catalogue and on the HCC website’s Public Safety page:

<http://www.harford.edu/publicsafety>

14.1 Crime Statistics - 3 Year Comparison

The Harford County Sheriff's Department reports crime statistics for the HCC campus to State and Federal authorities. Clery Act statistics are submitted by HCC to the US Department of Education. Uniform Crime Report (UCR) crime statistics are reported by the Harford County Sheriff's Department through the Maryland State Police, Criminal Justice Information System (CJIS) to the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI).

There are significant similarities and differences in the two crime reporting systems. Crime definitions are the same between the UCR and Clery Act systems. However, the Clery Act requires that certain student disciplinary referrals and incident data from Campus Security Authorities is reported.

On occasion, law enforcement will receive a complaint that is determined through investigation to be false or baseless. In other words, no crime occurred. The Harford County Sheriff's Department utilizes UCR's definition of UNFOUNDED when determining that a reported crime did not occur and, therefore, should not be counted in our reported crime statistics. If investigation reveals that no crime occurred nor was attempted, the incident will be categorized as UNFOUNDED. An example of an "unfounded" incident, would be:

An hour after visiting the HCC bookstore, a student discovers that his wallet is missing and he reports to police that his wallet was stolen. The wallet is later recovered in the HCC lost and found department with all contents inside. The police conclude that the student had dropped his wallet.

Since the Towson University Northeastern Campus opened in September 2014, there are no crime stats to report for 2012 or 2013. To review HCC's Clery Act crime statistics for 2012, and 2013, follow this link and click on Annual Security Report:

<https://www.harford.edu/about/offices-and-departments/public-safety.aspx>

Clery Act Reportable Crimes & Incidents		On-Campus			Student Residences ⁽¹⁾			Non-campus Property			Public Property		
		2017	2018	2019	2017	2018	2019	2017	2018	2019	2017	2018	2019
Murder & Non-Negligent Manslaughter	Act. ⁽²⁾	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Unf. ⁽³⁾	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	Act.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Unf.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	Act.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Unf.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	Act.	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Unf.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest & Statutory Rape	Act.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Unf.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	Act.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Unf.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	Act.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Unf.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	Act.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Unf.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	Act.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Unf.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	Act.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Unf.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence ⁽⁴⁾	Act.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Unf.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dating Violence ⁽⁴⁾	Act.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Unf.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stalking ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	Act.	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Unf.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons	Arrest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Disciplinary Referrals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Law	Arrest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Disciplinary Referrals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Law	Arrest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Disciplinary Referrals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

⁽¹⁾ Student Residence is non-applicable to TUNE as there are no residence halls at TUNE.

⁽²⁾ Act. = Actual, confirmed crime.

⁽³⁾ Unf. = Unfounded crime. No crime was committed. Not reportable until 2014.

⁽⁴⁾ These incidents were not reportable until 2013.

⁽⁵⁾ Stalking as defined by current Clery reporting guidelines is significantly different from Maryland criminal statutes.

14.2 Reporting Locations

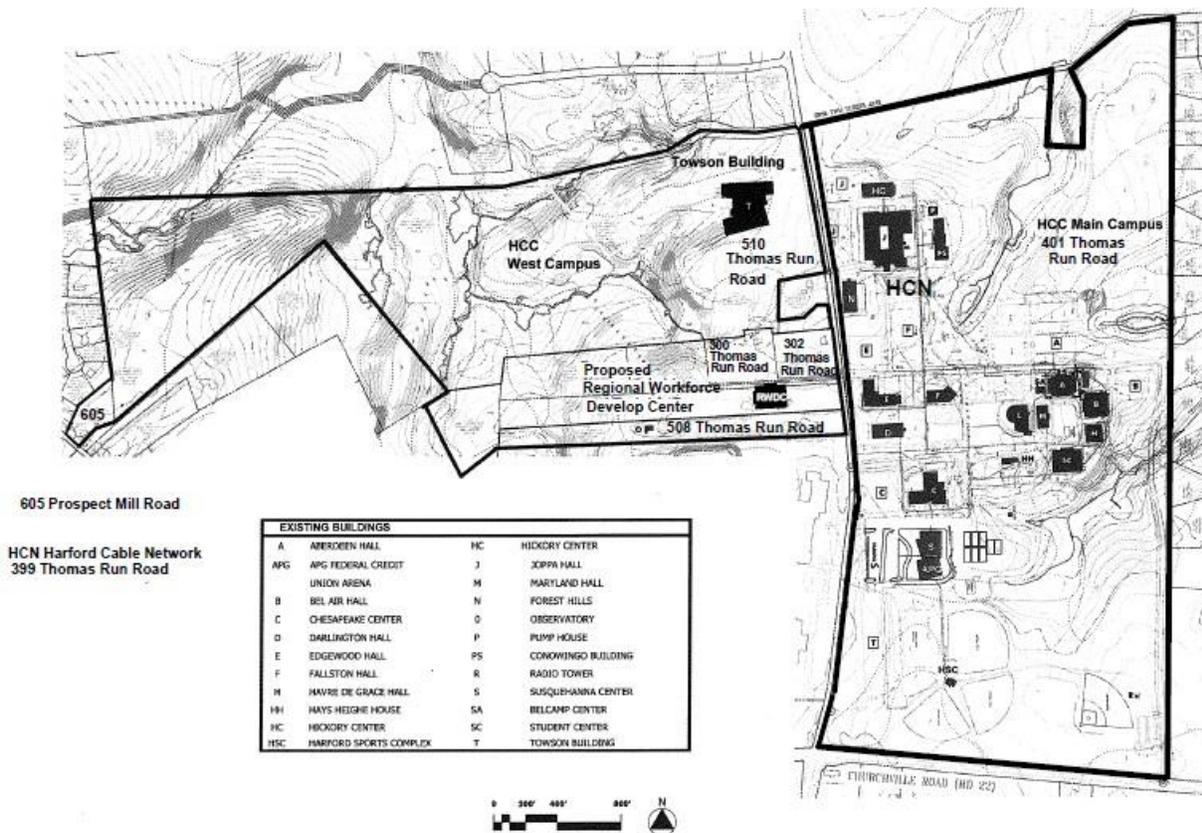
The Clery Act requires that statistics be reported according to where reportable incidents occurred. These locations are:

- **On-Campus:** Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area and used by the institution in direct support of, or in a manner related to, the institution’s educational purposes, including residence halls; and any building or property that is within or reasonably contiguous to campus that is owned by the institution but controlled by another person, is frequently used by students, and supports institutional purposes such as a food or other retail vendor.
- **Dormitories or other residential facilities** – N/A for the TUNE Campus.
- **Non-Campus Property:** Towson University does not currently have any non-campus property.
- **Public property:** All public property, including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities, that is within the campus, or ***immediately adjacent*** to and accessible from the campus.

Only those crimes reported in these areas that meet the Clery Act definition of ***public property*** are included in the yearly Clery Report. Public property roadways applicable to the TUNE campus include:

- Thomas Run Road
- East Churchville Road

This map shows the Harford Community College Clery Reporting Geography



15.0 HATE/BIAS CRIMES & INCIDENTS

The maintenance of a welcoming campus climate is essential to the university's ability to enroll, hire, and retain highly qualified students, faculty and staff. Therefore, the university takes an active role in promoting peace and harmony among diverse groups living, working, and studying within our campus community and to the extent possible, protecting students, faculty, staff, and visitors against incidents or criminal acts that would constitute hate/bias incidents or crimes.

Reporting, investigating, and responding to hate/bias incidents and crimes is a crucial component in the development of a more tolerant society and a hate free campus environment. Those who believe they have witnessed or been the target or victim of a hate crime or a hate/bias motivated incident are encouraged to report the matter to the:

HCC Department of Public Safety	443-412-2272 (emergency)
TU Center for Student Diversity	410-704-2051
TU OIIE (Title IX Office)	410-704-0203
TU Office of Student Conduct and Civility Education	410-704-2057

Towson University encourages any member of the TUNE community who is the victim of, or witness to, an on-campus hate/bias crime or incident to promptly call the HCC Department of Public Safety at **443-412-2272**. Most incidents on campus are investigated by HCC Special Police Officers. The Harford County Sheriff's Office may be called upon for assistance when warranted or upon request of the victim. Towson University will conduct the administrative investigations of reported hate/bias incidents or crimes, as described in these related university procedures:

- <https://www.towson.edu/odeo/reporting.html>
- [Hate/Bias Reporting Form](#)

15.1 Clery Act Reporting Hate Violence

Towson University complies with the Clery Act's requirements to report by geographic location and by category of prejudice, any of the hate violence statistics for specified crimes (Murder, Manslaughter, Sex offenses, Robbery, Aggravated Assault, Simple Assault, Burglary, Motor Vehicle Theft, Arson), and any other crime involving bodily injury reported to the local police agencies or to the campus security authority, that manifests evidence that the victim was intentionally selected because of the victim's actual or perceived:

- **Race:** A preformed negative attitude toward a group of persons who possess common physical characteristics, such as skin color, eyes, and/or hair; facial features, etc., genetically transmitted by descent and heredity which distinguish them as a distinct division of humankind, such as Asians, blacks, whites, or
- **Gender:** A performed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons because those persons are male or female, or
- **Religion:** A performed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons who share the same religious beliefs regarding the origin and purpose of the universe and the existence or nonexistence of a supreme being, such as Catholics, Jews, Protestants, atheists, or
- **Sexual Orientation:** A performed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their sexual attraction toward, and responsiveness to, members of their own sex or members of the opposite sex, e.g. gays, lesbians, heterosexuals, or
- **Gender Identity:** A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or group of persons based on their actual or perceived gender identity, e.g., bias against transgender or gender non-conforming individuals
- **Ethnicity:** A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of people whose members identify with each other, through a common heritage, often consisting of a common language,

common culture (often including a shared religion) and/or ideology that stresses common ancestry. The concept of ethnicity differs from the closely related term race in that “race” refers to grouping based mostly upon biological criteria, while “ethnicity” also encompasses additional cultural factors.

- **Disability:** A performed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their physical or mental impairments, whether such disability is temporary or permanent, congenital or acquired by heredity, accident, injury advanced age, or illness.

Amendments to the Clery Act that became effective in 2009 require the reporting of hate crimes involving:

- **Larceny (Theft):** The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another.
- **Simple Assault:** An unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration or loss of consciousness.
- **Intimidation:** To unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.
- **Vandalism (Destruction of Property):** To willfully or maliciously destroy, injure, disfigure, or deface any public or private property, real or personal, without the consent of the owner or person having custody or control by cutting, tearing, breaking, marking, painting, drawing, covering with filth, or any other such means as may be specified by local law.

15.2 Hate Crime Statistics – 3 Year Comparison

Clery Act Reportable Hate Crimes	On Campus			Student Residences ⁽¹⁾			Noncampus Property			Public Property		
	2017	2018	2019	2017	2018	2019	2017	2018	2019	2017	2018	2019
Murder & Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest & Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Crimes Involving Bodily Injuries	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disability	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vandalism	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

(1) ⁽¹⁾Student Residence is non-applicable to TUNE as there are no residence halls at TUNE.

Hate / Bias Codes: RA = Race; RE = Religion; NO = National Origin; SO = Sexual Orientation; G = Gender; E = Ethnicity; GI = Gender Identity, DA = Disability